

IN THE CLAIMS:

Please cancel claims 32 – 95 without prejudice or disclaimer as to the subject matter recited therein.

Please amend the claims as follows.

1. (Original) A SMBus message handler comprising:

a memory (202) configured to store microcode comprising at least two programs (210, 211, 212) each for handling a bus command protocol and comprising at least one instruction;

an interface to a register (SMB_PRTCL) configured to identify a starting address of a program in said memory;

an instruction fetch unit (203) configured to read an instruction at an address in said memory (202); said address being specified by a program counter (pc); and

a finite-state machine (201) configured to receive and interpreting the instructions read by said instruction fetch unit (203) and for managing the data transfer between an SMBus (213, 214) interface, and a register set (208) in compliance with said instructions read from said memory.

2. (Original) The SMBus message handler of claim 1, wherein said register set complies with the ACPI specification.
3. (Original) The SMBus message handler of claim 1, further comprising an address register array (207) comprising a plurality of starting addresses of programs stored in said memory, said register (SMB_PRTCL) comprising an offset for pointing at a specific register in said address register array.
4. (Original) The SMBus message handler of claim 2, further comprising a buffer pointer register (206) for pointing at one of a plurality of data registers (SMB_DATA); said finite-state machine (201) transferring data read from the SMBus (213, 214) interface to the data

register at which said buffer pointer register (206) points if said finite-state machine (201) interprets a “receive data to” instruction; said finite-state machine (201) transferring the data read from the data register at which said buffer pointer register points to said SMBus (213, 214) interface if said finite-state machine (201) interprets a “transmits data from” instruction.

5. (Original) The SMBus message handler of claim 4, wherein the finite-state machine causes said buffer pointer register (206) to be incremented each time a “transmit data to” or a “transmit data from” instruction is executed.
6. (Original) The SMBus message handler of claim 1, further comprising a loop counter (204) for storing the value of a block counter register SMB_BCNT in said loop counter (204) if the finite-state machine executes a “transmit data from SMB_BCNT” instruction; said loop counter (204) being decremented each time a data byte is transmitted to said SMBus (213, 214) interface while a “transmit data from” instruction is executed and the “transmit data from” instruction be completed when the value of said loop counter (204) reaches zero.
7. (Original) The SMBus message handler of claim 1, further comprising a loop counter (204) and a block count register (SMB_BCNT) both for storing a byte received from said SMBus (213, 214) interface if the finite-state machine (201) executes a “receive data to SMB_BCNT” instruction, said loop counter (204) being decremented each time a data byte is transmitted to or received from said SMBus (213, 214) interface while a “received data to” instruction is executed and the “received data to” instruction being completed when the value of said loop counter (204) reaches zero.
8. (Original) The SMBus message handler of claim 1, wherein each instruction comprises one bit (304) indicating as to whether or not an instruction is the last instruction in the program.
9. (Original) The SMBus message handler of claim 1, wherein each instruction comprises one bit (305) indicating as to whether an instruction is to be executed only once or this

instruction is to be executed repeatedly until a loop counter (204) becomes zero, wherein said loop counter is decremented each time an instruction is executed repeatedly.

10. (Original) An integrated circuit chip for transmitting and receiving data over a SMBus comprising:

an interface to a memory (202) configured to store microcode comprising at least two programs (210, 211, 212) each for handling a bus command protocol and comprising at least one instruction;

an interface to a register (SMB_PRTCL) configured to identify a starting address of a program in said memory;

an instruction fetch unit (203) configured to read an instruction at an address in said memory (202); said address being specified by a program counter (pc); and

a finite-state machine (201) configured to receive and interpret the instructions read by said instruction fetch unit (203) and for managing the data transfer between an SMBus (213, 214) interface, and a register set (208) in compliance with said instructions read from said memory.

11. (Original) The integrated circuit chip of claim 10, wherein said register set complies with the ACPI specification.

12. (Original) The integrated circuit chip of claim 10, further comprising an address register array (207) comprising a plurality of starting addresses of programs stored in said memory, said register (SMB_PRTCL) comprising an offset for pointing at a specific register in said address register array.

13. (Original) The integrated circuit chip of claim 11, further comprising a buffer pointer register (206) for pointing at one of a plurality of data registers (SMB_DATA) comprised in register set (208); said finite-state machine (201) transferring data read from the SMBus (213, 214) interface to the data register at which said buffer pointer register (206) points if said finite-state machine (201) interprets a “receive data to” instruction; said finite-state machine (201) transferring the data read from the data register at which said buffer pointer

register points to said SMBus (213, 214) interface if said finite-state machine (201) interprets a “transmits data from” instruction.

14. (Original) The integrated circuit chip of claim 13, wherein the finite-state machine (201) causes said buffer pointer register (206) to be incremented each time a “transmit data to” or a “transmit data from” instruction is executed.
15. (Original) The integrated circuit chip of claim 10, further comprising a loop counter (204) for storing the value of a block counter register SMB_BCNT in said loop counter (204) if the finite-state machine executes a “transmit data from SMB_BCNT” instruction; said loop counter (204) being decremented each time a data byte is transmitted to said SMBus (213, 214) interface while a “transmit data from” instruction is executed and the “transmit data from” instruction be completed when the value said loop counter (204) reaches zero.
16. (Original) The integrated circuit chip of claim 10, further comprising a loop counter (204) and a block count register (SMB_BCNT) comprised in said register set (208) both for storing a byte received from said SMBus (213, 214) interface if the finite-state machine (201) executes a “receive data to SMB_BCNT” instruction, said loop counter (204) being decremented each time a data byte is transmitted to or received from said SMBus (213, 214) interface while a “received data to” instruction is executed and the “received data to” instruction being completed when the value of said loop counter (204) reaches zero.
17. (Original) The integrated circuit chip of claim 10, wherein each instruction comprises one bit (304) indicating as to whether or not an instruction is the last instruction in the program.
18. (Original) The integrated circuit chip of claim 10, wherein each instruction comprises one bit (305) indicating as to whether an instruction is to be executed only once or this instruction is to be executed repeatedly until a loop counter (204) becomes zero, wherein said loop counter is decremented each time an instruction is executed repeatedly.
19. (Original) Method for controlling an SMBus:
identifying (402) a starting address of a program (210, 211, 212) comprising one or more instructions; said program (210, 211, 212) being stored in a memory (202);

fetching instructions of said program one after another into a finite-state machine (201);
and

transferring data between an SMBus (213, 214) interface and a register set in compliance
with the instruction present in said finite-state machine (201).

20. (Original) Method of claim 19, wherein said register set complies with the ACPI
specification.

21. (Original) Method of claim 19, wherein said identifying step comprises the sub-steps of:

reading a first value of a protocol register (SMB_PRTCL) specifying an offset in an
address register array (207);

reading a second value of a register of said address register array (207), said register being
specified by said offset; said second value constituting said starting address of said
program.

22. (Original) Method of claim 20, wherein said transferring step comprising the sub-steps of:

interpreting a “received data to” instruction; reading the value of a buffer pointer register
(206); and transferring the data read from said SMBus (213, 214) interface to the data
register (SMB_DATA) at which the value stored in said buffer pointer register (206)
points.

23. (Original) Method of claim 22, wherein said transferring step further comprises
incrementing said value of said buffer pointer register (206).

24. (Original) Method of claim 22, wherein said transferring step further comprising
decrementing a loop counter (204) and checking as to whether said loop counter (204) has
a value of zero.

25. (Original) Method of claim 20, wherein said transferring step comprises the sub-steps of:

interpreting a “transmit data from” instruction;

reading the value of a buffer pointer register (206); and transferring the data read from the data register (SMB_DATA) at which the value stored in said buffer pointer register (206) to said SMBus (213, 214) interface.

26. (Original) Method of claim 25, wherein said transferring step further comprises incrementing of said buffer pointer register (206).
27. (Original) The method of claim 25, wherein the transferring step further comprises decrementing of said loop counter (204).
28. (Original) The method of claim 19, wherein said transferring step comprises:
 - interpreting a “transmit data from SMB_BCNT” instruction;
 - storing the value of a block count register SMB BCNT in a loop counter (204); and
 - transmitting the value of said block count register (SMB_BCNT) to said SMBus (213, 214) interface.
29. (Original) The method of claim 19, wherein said transferring step comprises:
 - interpreting a “received data to SMB_BCNT” instruction;
 - transmitting a byte from said SMBus (213, 214) interface to a block count register SMB BCNT; and
 - storing the value of the byte received from said SMBus (213, 214) interface to a loop counter register (204).
30. (Original) The method of claim 19, wherein the transferring step further comprises:
 - determining as to whether a stop bit (304) has a predetermined value; if this is the case:
 - writing 80h into a status register (SMB_STS) of said register set (208).
31. (Original) The method of claim 19, wherein the transferring step further comprises:

determining as to whether a loop bit (305) of an instruction has a predetermined value; if that is the case,

executing said instruction repeatedly;

decrementing a loop counter (204) each time said instruction is executed;

finishing the execution of said loop instruction when the value of the said loop counter (204) becomes zero; and

fetching the next instruction.

32 – 95. Cancelled.